IN THE HIGH COURT OF KERALA AT ERNAKULAM

PRESENT :

THE HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE V.RAMKUMAR

MONDAY, THE 1ST OCTOBER 2007 / 9TH ASWINA 1929

Crl.Rev.Pet.No. 3524 of 2007()

CRA.846/2006 of ADDL. SESSIONS FAST TRACK COURT (ADHOC-I), KOZHIKODE

ST.1378/2004 of JUDL. MAGISTRATE OF FIRST CLASS-IV, KOZHIKODE

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REVN. PETITIONER:

K. SATHAR,
S/O. K.M. HASSAN,
SILVER ESTATE, AGED 53 YERAS,
PARAYANCHERI, MAVOOR ROAD,
KOZHIKODE.

BY ADV. SRI.K.A.SALIL NARAYANAN

RESPONDENTS:

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1. E.P. AJITH,
   S/O. E.P. SREEDHARAN,
   SREE VIHAR, KALLAI,
   KOZHIKODE.

2. STATE OF KERALA REP. BY PUBLIC PROSECUTOR,
   HIGH COURT OF KERALA, ERNAKULAM.

BY ADV. SRI. K.S. SIVAKUMAR, PUBLIC PROSECUTOR

THIS CRIMINAL REVISION PETITION HAVING COME UP FOR ADMISSION ON 01/10/2007, THE COURT ON THE SAME DAY PASSED THE FOLLOWING:

V.RAMKUMAR, J.

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Crl.R.P. No. 3524 of 2007

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Dated this the 1st day of October, 2007

O R D E R

In this Revision filed under Section 397 read with Sec. 401 Cr.P.C. the petitioner who was the accused in S.T. No. 1378 of 2004 on the file of the J.F.C.M-IV, Kozhikode challenges the conviction entered and the sentence passed against him for an offence punishable under Sec. 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Act').

2. I heard the learned counsel for the Revision Petitioner and the learned Public Prosecutor.

3. The learned counsel appearing for the Revision Petitioner re-iterated the contentions in support of the Revision. The courts below have concurrently held that the cheque in question was drawn by the petitioner in favour of the complainant on the drawee bank, that the cheque was validly presented to the bank, that it was dishonoured for reasons which fall under Section 138 of the Act, that the complainant made a demand for payment by a notice in time in accordance with clause (b) of the proviso to Section 138 of the Act and that the Revision Petitioner/accused failed to make the payment within 15 days of receipt of the statutory notice. Both the courts have considered and rejected the defence set up by the revision petitioner while entering the above finding. The said finding has been recorded on an appreciation of the oral and documentary evidence. I do not find any error, illegality or impropriety in the finding so recorded concurrently by the courts below. The conviction was thus rightly entered against the petitioner.

4. What now survives for consideration is the question as to whether a proper sentence has been imposed on the Revision Petitioner. Having regard to the facts and circumstances of the case, I am, however,

inclined to modify the sentence imposed on the revision petitioner. Accordingly, if the revision petitioner pays to the first respondent complainant by way of compensation under Sec. 357 (3) Cr.P.C. a sum of Rs.5,00,000/- (Rupees Five Lakhs only) within five **months** from today, then he need to undergo only imprisonment till the rising of the court. If the revision petitioner commits default in making the payment as aforesaid, he shall undergo simple imprisonment for three months by way of default sentence.

5. Amount, if any, paid by the revision petitioner pursuant to the orders, passed by the lower appellate court shall be refunded to the petitioner. The petitioner shall be released from custody forthwith unless his continued detention is found necessary in connection with any other case. He will be liable to undergo default sentence in this case only if he commits default in payment of the compensation amount.

This Revision is disposed of confirming the conviction but modifying the sentence as above. Registry shall issue appropriate intimation to the Sub Jail, Kozhikode for the release of the petitioner forthwith.

V. RAMKUMAR, JUDGE.

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